



Considerations When Engaging Children in Purposeful Play

In engaging children in learning through purposeful play, teachers can consider the following:

To what extent was the learning experience	To what extent were children able to	To what extent did I
Active (not just "hands-on" but "minds-on")	 stay focused and engaged in the learning process through questioning and reflection compared to passive learning where children listen and memorise information? 	 ask open-ended questions such as "why" and "how" questions often? give children opportunities to explore new ideas and problem solve?
Engaging	 filter out distractions and focus their attention on the task at hand? 	 design learning experiences and environment with a "just enough" mentality (i.e., do not over plan) to prevent distractions and help keep children on task?
Meaningful	 make meaningful connections between their own experiences and/or interests and new information which makes their learning richer and more relevant to their own lives? 	 help children make meaningful connections in their learning by making links between different learning activities and relating concepts learnt to their daily life experiences?
Socially interactive	• interact and collaborate with their friends, teachers, and others in their environment?	 provide opportunities for children to work in different group sizes and with different friends?
Iterative	 generate, test, and revise hypotheses and theories about how things work while exploring and interacting with their environment? 	 allow children to explore, take risks and make mistakes? ask "Why do you think this happens?", "How do you know?", "What other ways can you do/use this differently?"
Joyful	show enjoyment and positive emotions while engaging in the activity?	 invite and incorporate children's interests and ideas into learning activities and experiences? allow choice and children to pursue their interests for richer and deeper learning?